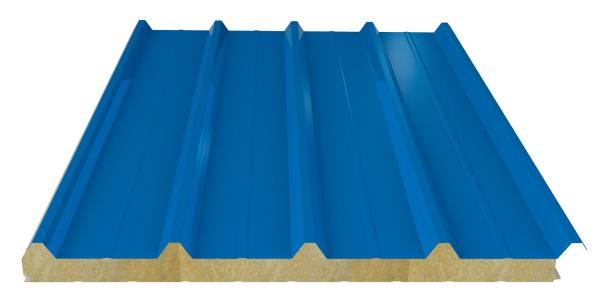


# **N5T Roof Panels**



### **Product Information**

It can be used safely in buildings where fire risk is high and in buildings where maximum fire resistance is required. With its five-ribbed form, it enables wide openings to be crossed safely. Roof covering with 10% slope The product, which can be made, provides advantages in fast assembly thanks to its lateral overlapping panel combination. Mineral wool inner filling It offers high acoustic performance thanks to its material.

### **Production Plant**

Balıkesir

### **Product Application**

- Industrial Buildings
- Military Buildings
- Public Buildings
- Agricultural Buildings
- Sports Facilities
- Construction Site Buildings
- Silos
- Hypermarkets
- Shopping Centers
- Storehouse Halls
- Administrative Buildings and all other concrete structures with steel or prefabricated load bearing systems.

Assan Panel reserves the right to change the features of its products. The property rights of third parties must be respected. Acceptance of all orders is based on our current terms of sale and shipping. Users should always consider the latest edition of the Local Product Information Sheet for the relevant product, which can be obtained by contacting





## **Performance Advantages**

It has the best fire resistance values.

Fast and trouble-free installation saves both time and labor.

It has high performance in sound insulation as well as heat insulation.

Thanks to its colorful surface, there is no need for additional coatings such as plaster or paint.

There are surface paint (Polyester, PvdF, Plastisol, PVC) options suitable for the place of use.

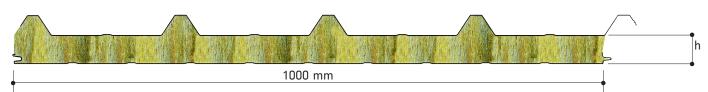
Color selection can be made from the RAL catalogue.

It does not deteriorate, rot or mold over time.

Sound insulation performance is high.

It can be used as a roof covering with a minimum slope of 7%.

### **Measurements**



h: 50-60-70-80-100-120-130-150 mm

| Favourable Width | 1000 mm                         |
|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Minimum Length   | 3 meters                        |
| Maximum Length   | Depends on Transport Conditions |

### **Mineral Wool**

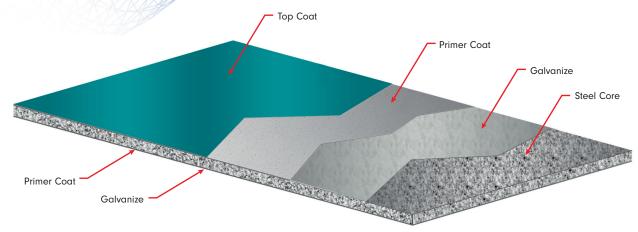


| Mineral Wool Density              | 100 (±10) kg/m <sup>3</sup>    |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Mineral Wool Thickness            | 50-60-70-80-100-120-130-150 mm |
| Heat Insulation Coefficient       | 0,043 W/mK                     |
| Inflammability Class (EN 13501-1) | A1                             |
| Water Absorption                  | %2 by volume                   |
| Heat Resistance                   | 600 °C                         |
| Sound Insulation Rw (dB) ≥        | 30                             |
| Water Vapor Diffusion (EN 12086)  | 1                              |









### **Prepainted Galvanized Steel Surface**

| Metal Type                     | Prepainted Galvanized Steel  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| External Facing Thickness      | 0,55-0,80 mm   |
| Internal Facing Thickness      | 0,50-0,80 mm   |
| Thickness Tolerance (EN 10143) | Nominal  |
| Steel Quality (EN 10327)       | Dx51 D+Z Prepainted Galvanized Steel (last coat polyester paint on primer) |
| Paint Type                     | Polyester, PvdF, Plastisol, PVC  |

### Load / Span Table

| PPGS                             | PPGS                             | Mutli Span                     |        |        |        |        |        |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| External Sheet<br>Thickness (mm) | Internal Sheet<br>Thickness (mm) | Mineral Wool<br>Thickness (mm) | 150 cm | 200 cm | 250 cm | 300 cm | 350 cm |
| 0,5                              | 0,5                              | 50                             | 498    | 261    | 160    | 108    | 76     |
| 0,5                              | 0,5                              | 60                             | 556    | 301    | 191    | 132    | 96     |
| 0,5                              | 0,5                              | 70                             | 614    | 343    | 223    | 157    | 116    |
| 0,5                              | 0,5                              | 80                             | 672    | 386    | 255    | 183    | 138    |
| 0,5                              | 0,5                              | 100                            | 789    | 470    | 320    | 235    | 180    |
| 0,5                              | 0,5                              | 120                            | 906    | 556    | 386    | 288    | 224    |
| 0,5                              | 0,5                              | 130                            | 965    | 599    | 419    | 315    | 246    |
| 0,5                              | 0,5                              | 150                            | 1082   | 684    | 486    | 369    | 290    |

Load Values:  $kg/m^2$  • Limit Value: L/200 • PPGS: Prepainted Galvanized Sheet

### **Mineral Wool Thermal Conductivity**

| Panel<br>Thickness | U Thermal Conductivity (W/m²K) | R Thermal Conductivity (m²K/W) | R Thermal Conductivity<br>(ft2 °F h/Btu) |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 50 mm              | 0,840                          | 1,190                          | 6,760                                    |
| 60 mm              | 0,700                          | 1,429                          | 8,111                                    |
| 70 mm              | 0,600                          | 1,667                          | 9,463                                    |
| 80 mm              | 0,525                          | 1,905                          | 10,815                                   |
| 100 mm             | 0,420                          | 2,381                          | 13,519                                   |
| 120 mm             | 0,350                          | 2,857                          | 16,223                                   |
| 130 mm             | 0,323                          | 3,095                          | 17,575                                   |
| 150 mm             | 0,280                          | 3,571                          | 20,279                                   |

According to TS EN 14509





### **Mechanical Properties**

| Steel Faces Yield Strength            | min. 220 N/mm²  |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Panel Tensile Strength                | min. 0,018 Mpa  |
| Panel Horizontal Tensile Strength     | min. 0,03 Mpa   |
| Shear Strength of Core Material       | min. 3,0 Mpa  |
| Shear Modulus of Core Material        | min. 0,05 Mpa   |
|                                       | min. 1,8 KNm/m (Upwards)  |
| Bending Moment Capacity in Span       | min. 1,5 KNm/m (Downwards)  |
| Slip Strength After Long-Term Loading | t:1.000 hours min. 0,02 Mpa<br>t:2.000 hours min. 0,019 Mpa<br>t:100.000 hours min. 0,017 Mpa |
| Torsional Stress in Span              | min. 40 Mpa (Downwards)<br>min. 50 Mpa (Upwards)  |

According to TS EN 14509

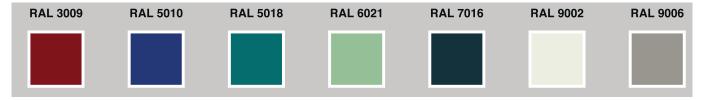
### **Tolerance Values**

| Panel Length Panel Thickness           |                  | Panel Cover Width      | Rectangularity  |  |
|--|------------------|------------------------|---|--|
| L<=3000 mm., ±5mm<br>L>3000 mm, ± 10mm | D ≤ 100 mm ±2 mm | ±2 mm for all profiles | $s \le 0.6\%$ of the nominal cover thickness (w). / (Width x 0.006) |  |

### **Standard Package**

| Thickness<br>(mm) | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 100 | 120 | 130 | 150 |
|-------------------|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Number            | 14 | 12 | 10 | 10 | 8   | 6   | 6   | 6   |

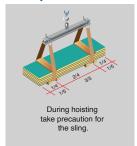
### **Standard Color Options**



### **Joint Details**

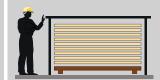


### Transportation and Protection of Sandwich panel





Do not drag panels in a pile, or on the roof purlins. Lift panels from both ends when moving or laying in place.



Panels to be strored on site for long periods should be stacked in covered areas. Wherever possible, always place stacks preferably on wooden wedges, against ground water.



For shorter periods, stacks should be arranged on sloppy areas with a simple scaffolding and polyethilen cover, leaving space for ventilation. Place stacks on a simple wedge.



Do not walk on panels.

